

Annex II: Additional rules for the certification program: Organic EU Production Methods**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

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Article 2.1 Detection and Investigation	
1	<p>In case the result of any sample analyses for the organic programs EU shows residues of disallowed materials in any amount above the detection level of the laboratory, the following procedure applies:</p> <p>CU immediately starts an investigation. Depending on the nature of the residue that has been found, the whole chain of custody from the producer till the point where the residue has been found may be subject of the investigation. The CU client receives a standard Incident Report Form from CU, in which the representative of the client is requested to describe the possible reasons of the disallowed material detection. The information supplied by the client in this document is an essential part of the investigation. Furthermore, the CU client is requested to inform his buyers about the found residue. CU has the right to suspend the concerned product/unit and to stop issuing import and transaction certificates during the period of investigation and/or to carry out unannounced visits at the project. The result of the investigation may cause changes in the certification status of the product and/or units.</p>
2	<p><i>NEW Organic Regulation (2018/848):</i></p> <p><i>Where a client detects the presence of a disallowed materials, the following procedure applies:</i></p> <p><i>Client should identify and separate contaminated products and prevent them from being placed on the market as organic or in-conversion products. Client should also do a preliminary investigation to check whether the suspicion can be substantiated. The procedure to be followed is detailed in Art.1 of Reg. 2021/279.</i></p> <p><i>Where a client substantiate the suspicion or cannot eliminate the suspicion, the client shall immediately inform CUC. The client should also fully cooperate with CUC, in identifying and verifying the reasons for the presence of non-authorized materials. CU will immediately starts an investigation and follow the procedure as mentioned in point 1 of this Article.</i></p>
Article 2.2 Classification of non-conformities for organic certification program	
1	<p>Non-conformities are classified as Minors and Majors:</p> <p>a. A minor (also called as 'condition') is a non-conformity, related to working procedures of the concerned unit. The maximum deadline to rectify a condition is 2 months. If the client does not correct and does not show to the satisfaction of CU that the condition is rectified before the deadline, CU shall grant a major with a maximum deadline of 1 month.</p> <p>b. A major (also called as 'pre-condition') is a non-conformity, related to topics that endanger the status of the certified products coming from the concerned unit. The maximum deadline to rectify a major is 1 month. If the operator does not correct and does not show to the satisfaction of CU that the major is rectified before the deadline, the certificate is suspended for a given period determined by CU on a case by case basis. In case the NC is not corrected during the suspension period, the certificate shall be withdrawn.</p> <p>c. <i>A critical major is a non-conformity, related to topics that seriously endanger the status of the certified products coming from the concerned unit. The critical non-compliance should be rectified immediately and CU may suspend or withdraw the certificate, depending on the severity of the situation. Furthermore, in the case of New EU organic certification (Reg. 2018/848), the following situations may be considered as major critical by CU:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <i>The precautionary measures and controls performed by the operator concerned are highly disproportionate and inappropriate that makes it unlikely to prevent contamination of unauthorized substances or commingling;</i> - <i>the operator fails to correct previous major non-compliances or repeatedly fails to correct other categories of non-compliances;</i> - <i>there is no information from the traceability system to locate the affected product(s) in the supply and the products cannot be prevented from being imported from a third country for the purpose of placing that product on the market within the Union with reference to organic production.</i> <p>In case of any non-conformity follow-up is needed. It is the responsibility of the client to take appropriate remedial actions. Whenever there is an outstanding NC, positive certification decision cannot be made and the certificate cannot be issued for the concerned units/products.</p> <p>Re-assessment can be done during an additional inspection or by administrative review (assessing documents, photos etc.).</p> <p>During suspension, the product concerned cannot be sold with reference to the organic production method and CU can not issue any import/transaction certificate for the given products/units.</p> <p>In case the certification is withdrawn, the project needs to be re-inspected. All aspects of the standard need to be assessed during a new physical inspection.</p>

Article 2.3 Certificate of Inspection and transaction certificates for EU Organic	
1	CU clients that holds a scope certificate for the certification program 'Organic Production Methods EU 834/2007 and 889/2008' or 'Organic production methods EU 2018/848' can apply for Certificate of Inspection (Col) when exporting a specific lot of certified products into the European Union.
2	CU clients that are certified for the certification programmes 'Organic Production Methods EU 834/2007 and 889/2008' or 'Organic production methods EU 2018/848' and/or 'USDA/ NOP' and/or 'JAS' and/or 'GOTS' have the right to apply for transaction certificates for a specific lot of certified products.
3	Certificate of Inspection/transaction certificates will be issued by qualified people from a CUC office.
4	The client shall request the application for Certificate of Inspection/transaction certificates by filling out the standardised application form and sending it with all the required documents attached to the responsible CU office. Requests can also be done using the client portal, reachable through the Control Union website.
5	CU shall assess the application and, if the decision is positive, issue the Certificate of Inspection/transaction certificate within ten working days after receipt of the application.
6	The certificates contain a hologram.
7	From 1 st January 2025, only CU clients that holds a scope certificate for the certification program 'Organic production methods EU 2018/848' can apply for import certificates when exporting a specific lot of certified.
8	For each consignment, the importer or, where appropriate, the operator responsible for the consignment in the EU, shall give prior notification of the arrival of the consignment at the border control post or the point of release for free circulation to CUC and the competent authority who performs the official control. The prior notification shall be given by completing and submitting in the Trade Control and Expert System (TRACES) in the relevant part of the certificate of inspection. The Prior notifications shall be given in accordance with the minimum time requirements laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1013
9	Upon request by the relevant competent authority, control authority or control body, the importer, the first consignee or the consignee shall provide the certificate of inspection or, where relevant, the extract of the certificate of inspection in which they are mentioned
10	In the case the first consignee receiving paper certificate of inspection, the first consignee shall verify whether the information reported in that certificate corresponds to the information completed in that certificate in TRACES. After the verification, the first consignee shall hand sign the paper certificate of inspection in box 31 and shall send that certificate to the importer mentioned in box 12 thereof. The importer shall keep the paper certificate of inspection at the disposal of the control authority or the control body for at least two years. In case of a paper extract of the certificate of inspection, the consignee shall, at the reception of the batch, hand sign that paper extract in box 13. The consignee of the batch shall keep the paper extract of the certificate of inspection referred to in paragraph 5 at the disposal of the control authorities and/or control bodies for at least two years. <i>"paper certificate of inspection" as mentioned above means the Col issued on paper after being completed in TRACES, printed and hand signed by relevant parties (Art. 11.1 of Reg. 2021/2306). If Col bear with E-SEAL then this item is not applicable.</i> <i>Please note that it is not allowed to issue Col on paper with hand signature from 30 November 2022.</i>
11	<i>In the case that the products are classified as high risk products by the European Commission or by CUC, samples should be taken from selected consignment. CUC shall not issue the certificate of inspection (COI) before it has received and assessed the result of these analyses.</i> <i>For more details of the list of high risk products, please refer to "Letter to control bodies and authorities on the import of organic products from certain countries" published in the EC's website:</i> https://agriculture.ec.europa.eu/farming/organic-farming/trade_en

Article 2.4 Production, storage and transport

1	The client shall conclude farmer agreements with all individual farmers within the project. The farmer agreement shall contain at least the information as mentioned in annex 2.A. The farmer agreement shall be written in the local language or in any case in a language understandable by the farmer.
2	The client shall conclude processor agreements with all individual processors within the project. The processor agreement shall contain at least the information as mentioned in annex 2.B. The processor agreement shall be written in the local language or in any case in a language understandable by the processor.
3	On request of the inspector, the client shall prove the gene technology free origin of all products and raw materials for which gene technology is prohibited according to the applicable regulations by means of a declaration free of genetic modification. The declaration free of genetic modification shall contain at least the information as mentioned in annex 2.D.
4	For each lot of products, for which an import/transaction certificate is issued, the client shall have a representative and sealed sample kept present for half a year.
5	The client shall conclude field officer agreements with all individual field officers within the project. The field officer agreement shall contain at least the information as mentioned in annex 2.C. The field officer agreement shall be written in the local language or in any case in a language understandable by the field officer.

Article 2.5 Product specification form and system plans

1	In case of an application for adding to the scope certificate new products produced in certified units, the client shall apply in writing prior to producing, processing and/or selling the product with reference to the certification. An application shall be done by filling out the application form (available at http://certification.controlunion.com or by request from any CU office). In case of application for adding a product the client shall send CU a completed standardised product specification form (available at http://certification.controlunion.com or by request from any CU office). Production/processing specification forms (system plans) shall be adopted by the client, if applicable.
2	CU shall evaluate the application forms and/or specification forms (system plans) within ten working days after receipt.
3	CU shall add products to scope certificates only after a positive evaluation of the product specification. In the event of initial certification, the first inspection has to be carried out before the products can be mentioned on the certificate.
4	In case of an application for adding new units to the scope certificate, the client shall apply in writing prior the production and/or processing of the product to be certified. An application shall be done by filling out the application form (available at http://certification.controlunion.com or by request from any CU office). Production/processing description forms (System Plans) shall be adopted by the client.
5	CU shall add units to scope certificates only after a positive site evaluation of the production/processing.
6	Please note, that CU clients are obliged to inform CU in case the products and/or units under the CU scope are also certified by another certification organisation against the same standard (or applied for certification to another certification organisation). Furthermore, please note, that where an operator and his subcontractors are inspected by different control bodies the operator and his subcontractors have to agree, that the different control bodies can exchange information on the operations under their control. <i>NEW EU Regulation (2018/848): clients can not be certified by another certification organization regarding activities in the same country in relation to the same product categories as mentioned in Art. 35.7 of Reg. 2018/848.</i>

Article 2.6 Smallholder farmer groups

1	For smallholder farmer groups certified according to CUC standards equivalent to Regulations 834/2007 and 889/20098, additional requirements are applicable as laid down in the document "Inspection of smallholder farmer groups: Internal Control System", as described in annex 2.E of this document. <i>NEW EU Regulation (2018/848): for smallholder farmer groups certified by Reg. 2018/848, the requirements as mentioned in that Regulation and its secondary Acts should apply.</i>
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Article 2.7 Interpretations for EU Organic	
1	All interpretations as made by CU on Regulation (EEC) No. 834/2007 and 889/2008 and described in annex 2.F of this document shall be used and followed by the client in all situations in which the article that interpretation regards, is applicable.

Article 2.8 Administration for EU Organic	
1	<p>The client shall keep records of the following information on certified <u>incoming</u> goods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Copies of packing lists and/or other transport documents; - Invoices; - A copy of valid certificates stating that the products have been produced according to the applicable organic regulation; <p>For not CU certified products:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A copy of the valid accreditation certificate that is issued to the certification body, which certified the product in question.
2	<p>The client shall keep records of the following information on <u>outgoing</u> certified products:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Copies from packing lists and/or other transport documents; - Copies of the CU import/transaction certificates, and invoices. <p>The invoices and transport documents must contain a reference to the organic production method, clearly related to the certified products, and CU followed by the client number.</p>
3	<p>The client shall have on all labels, invoices, packing lists and transport documents a traceable identification code which enables to identify production date/year and lot number to trace down the product at least to the last producer and preferably to the individual farmer or farmer group.</p> <p>Original traceability documents must be in the unit during the inspection to be verified by the auditor.</p>
4	The invoices and transaction documents must contain a reference to the organic production method, clearly related to the certified products, and the name and identification code of the inspection body.
5	<p><i>(NEW EU ORGANIC)</i> <i>CU clients shall keep all the necessary documents, including stock and financial records, that will enable CUC to carry out, in particular, the following checks:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>checks on the preventive and precautionary measures taken in accordance with Article 9(6) and Article 28 of Regulation (EU) 2018/848. To this end, CU clients should at least keep records of pest and diseases prevention, as well as documents of measures applied to avoid contamination;</i> • <i>the traceability check in accordance with Article 1(4) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/771;</i> • <i>the mass balance check in accordance with Article 1(5) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/771</i>
6	<p>For the certification of organic product in conformity with the Regulation (EEC) No. 834/2007 and 889/2008 <i>or with Reg. 2018/848</i>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the accreditation certificate shall be on ISO/IEC 17065 - address of unit, where the product was produced, processed - indication whether the unit is a farm unit or a processing unit - date of first inspection per unit - starting date of conversion period per unit - total period of conversion applied per unit - date of last inspection per unit - size organic/conventional land per unit - in case of grower group, indication whether it is a cooperative or a contract growers - number of farmers externally inspected in the previous calendar year - number of small scale farmers at the date of last inspection and - number of small scale farmers externally inspected at the date of last inspection is required.
7	Operator must inform immediately to CUC any irregularity or infringement affecting the organic status of their product or organic products received from other operators or subcontractors.
8	Operator must make a declaration according to Art. 63.2 of Reg. 889/2008 and Art. 39 of Reg. 2018/848. A template of declaration form in 2.H may be used.

Article 2.9 On-and-off product statements for EU Organic	
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1	The client is responsible that all logo use is according the provisions described in: - for the EU organic program: EU 834/2007 and 889/2008. Annex V (Community logo) or Annex V of Reg. 2018/848.
2	The client is responsible that all on- and off product statements for certified products that are transported between units within the same project, contain at least the following information: - The name of the product; - The name "CU", followed by the client number; - A reference to the organic production methods; - A traceable identification code referring to the specific lot of products (e.g. lot number, date of production).
3	The client is responsible that all on- and off product statements for certified products that are transported to units outside the project, contain at least the following information: - The name of the product; - The clients name and address (city and country); - The name "CU", followed by the client number; - A reference to the organic production methods; A traceable identification code referring to the specific lot of products (e.g. lot number, date of production).

Article 2.10 Retroactive consideration/ shortening of the conversion period (OUTSIDE EU)	
1	<p>Conditions of granting retroactive recognition/ shortening of conversion period:</p> <p>(a) With conversion of parcels where it has been proven to the satisfaction of CU, that no unauthorized products have been used in the past, the conversion period can be retroactively considered by CU. <i>For NEW EU ORGANIC, the proof should demonstrate the records in last 3 years. Whether the products used is authorized or not, please refer to the latest consolidated version of Reg. 889/2008 in the case of old EU organic program, and in the case of new EU, the Reg. 2021/1698.</i></p> <p>(b) Only if a project is physically inspected during the cropping season will it be possible to sell products with organic (or 100% organic) status in the first year of inspection. For new EU organic, on-site inspection should be performed prior to any cultivation measures have been taken, including tillage, sowing, pruning or other work is done on the fields concerned. Starting to work on the fields without an affirmative decision from CUC will result in rejecting this application.</p> <p>(c) Furthermore, CU demands that, before she takes a decision about the retroactive consideration of the conversion period, samples on soil and/or products are being analyzed of the Production unit (PRD) for been analysed for residues of disallowed products at the expense of client.</p>
2	<p><i>(NEW EU ORGANIC ONLY) Application form (ORGAPPDER_F05) should be completed and submitted to CUC in time prior to inspection. Please note that CUC can only perform the inspection for the purpose of retroactive recognition after CUC certifier has performed a preliminary assessment based on the data collected through application form.</i></p> <p><i>The following documents should also be submitted to CUC along with the application form:</i></p> <p>(a) Google (or similar) map of fields, including geolocation</p> <p>(b) Pictures of fields, with date of picture;</p> <p>(c) Invoices, delivery notes, and/or confirmation of untreated/ non-GMO seeds from suppliers for seeds used in the past 3 years</p> <p>(d) Supporting documents that the plant protection products and fertilizers used in last 3 years are authorized substances (e.g. invoices/ delivery notes/ pervious organic certification)</p> <p>(e) Sales records of crops in last 3 years</p> <p>(f) If plots have not been under management of the applicant: Written statement of land use and management practices of field(s) by former owner/ manager, confirming that the data provided in this application is true</p> <p>(g) Written statement of a competent or independent third party (e.g. authorities, NGO) confirming that the fields listed in section 2 have not been under cultivation /or that no prohibited inputs were applied over the past 3 years. The Third party accepted by CUC are the Department / Ministry of agriculture in the country or any other competent authority who supervises over agricultural activities (Example: Regional, Municipal or Local Governments with Agricultural activities). Other option, in the case of authorities not issuing such confirmation, is an attestation from an independent institution/professional. In that case they should demonstrate that are independent and attach to the attestation a Report on how they review/evaluate that the list of farmers are practicing organic farming and not using prohibited substances for at least 2- 3 years (depending on the length of conversion period). Emphasis shall be placed on the authenticity of the declarations and that as many details and specifications as possible together with exact dates, signature and stamp shall be available</p> <p>(h) ICS procedure regarding retroactive recognition, including how the group collects and verify the agricultural practices of last 3 years of each farmers and what the control measures are applied to ensure compliance by</p>

	<p><i>those farmers who are granted with retroactive recognition;</i></p> <p>(i) <i>Other documents as required by CUC certifier</i></p> <p><i>Please note that the documents above should be kept by operators for at least 3 years.</i></p>
3	<p><i>(Applicable for both old and new EU organic program) In addition to item 1& 2 above, following requirements should be respected by small farmer groups which is a new applicant with a request for retroactive consideration of the conversion period:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>The ICS shall perform 100 % internal inspection of the farmers during the growing season before they apply to CUC for certification.</i></p> <p>(b) <i>(NEW EU ORGANIC ONLY) The SFG should have a procedure in place regarding retroactive recognition. The procedure should be submitted to CUC along with the application form (ORGAPPDER_F05). The procedure should include at least the following information:</i></p> <p>(i) <i>how the ICS collects and verifies the information of previous years to prove that there was no use of disallowed substances.</i></p> <p>(ii) <i>The measures applied by ICS on fields granted retroactive recognition, to ensure compliance with the regulation.</i></p> <p>(c) <i>The ICS shall provide CUC with a third party attestation to the list of farmers as practicing organic farming and not using prohibited substances for 2-3 years (For NEW EU ORGANIC, the declaration should cover 3 years). Please refer to item 2 (g) above for more details regarding the requirements on third party declaration.</i></p> <p>(d) <i>CUC will spend minimum of 1 day to audit the ICS's management system; the number of days may be increased based on the size and complexity of the ICS.</i></p> <p>(e) <i>Based on the Risk Assessment completed during the Application Review, CUC will define the number of farmers to be inspected.</i></p> <p><i>(NEW EU ORGANIC ONLY) All the fields covered by the application for retroactive recognition should be physically inspected by CUC.</i></p> <p>(f) <i>Samples of soil, leaves or the product(s) shall be collected (from the field) from at least 30% of the inspected farmers. In the case of NEW EU ORGANIC, samples should be taken according to CUC's preliminary assessment and the number should be no less than 2.5% of the farmers applying for retroactive recognition.</i></p>
4	<p><i>(Applicable for both old and new EU organic program) In addition to item 1& 2 above, following requirements should be respected by small farmer groups which is a certified SFG applying for adding new farmers to their organic certificate:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>For new farmers that are resigning from an SFG certified by another Certification Body and applying for joining the new one:</i></p> <p>(i) <i>relevant information and audit reports should be transferred from the former CB to CUC before going to the audit. In case CUC does not receive sufficient proofs regarding the organic status, the new farmer has to apply for retroactive recognition presenting relevant documents.</i></p> <p>(ii) <i>Based on the information received by the previous CB, CUC will re-assess the risk category of the operator and, based on that, perform the calculation of the number of farmers to be audited and the number of samples to be taken.</i></p> <p>(iii) <i>(NEW EU ORGANIC) for such new farmers, no matter whether there is sufficient information received from previous CB, the ICS should apply for retroactive recognition for those new farmers. All the fields covered by the application for retroactive recognition should be physically inspected by CUC.</i></p> <p>(b) <i>For new farmers not previously certified, the below procedure shall apply:</i></p> <p>(i) <i>The requirements as mentioned in item 3 should be respected.</i></p> <p>(ii) <i>In addition, for the calculation of the number of farmers to be inspected, the number of "old (existing)" certified farmers from the "newly (added)" farmers should be calculated separately.</i></p> <p><i>(NEW EU ORGANIC) All the fields covered by the application for retroactive recognition should be physically inspected by CUC.</i></p> <p>(iii) <i>For the calculation of the number of samples for laboratory analysis, the number of "old (existing)" certified farmers from the "newly (added)" farmers must be calculated separately.</i></p> <p><i>(NEW EU ORGANIC) samples should be taken according to the preliminary assessment result and should not be less than 2.5% of the farmers applying for retroactive recognition.</i></p> <p>(iv) <i>The previous control files of the new farmers;</i></p> <p>(v) <i>The result of the inspection report of ICS internal inspection;</i></p> <p>(vi) <i>The effectiveness of the ICS at the internal inspection level and quality management level.</i></p>
5	<p><i>(Applicable for both old and new EU organic program) In addition to item 1& 2 above, following requirements should be respected when a SFG transfers from another control body to CUC:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>If there is no change in the scope previously certified by the other CB:</i></p> <p>(i) <i>relevant information and audit reports should be requested to the former CB before going to the audit.</i></p>

	<p><i>In case CUC does not receive sufficient proofs regarding the organic status, the SFG has to apply for retroactive recognition presenting relevant documents.</i></p> <p><i>(ii) Based on the information received by the previous CB, CUC shall re-assess the risk category of the operator and, based on that, perform the calculation of the number of farmers to be audited and the number of samples to be taken.</i></p> <p><i>(b) If there is a change in the scope previously certified by the other CB (e.g. new farmers not previously certified are added), two separate calculations shall be made:</i></p> <p><i>(a) The number of old and new farmers to be audited and samples to be taken should be calculated separately bases on CUC's risk assessment.</i></p>
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Article 2.11 Control Measures on high risk products	
1	<p><i>In the case that the products are classified as high risk products by the European Commission, the following additional measures will be applied:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>CU should carry out 2 physical inspections per year. One of these inspections shall be unannounced.</i> ▪ <i>CU should take at least one field crop sample each year. For operators not growing crops, a relevant sample of incoming raw material, intermediate product or processed product should be taken.</i> <p><i>For more details of the list of high risk products, please refer to "Letter to control bodies and authorities on the import of organic products from certain countries" published in the EC's website: https://agriculture.ec.europa.eu/farming/organic-farming/trade_en</i></p>

ANNEX 2.A CU Farmer agreement

Name client			
Address client			
Client number		Country	
Name field officer (if any)			
Name and number unit			
Name farmer			
Code/number farmer			
Address farmer			
<p>1. I as farmer declare that I understand the standards for organic agriculture of which the most important aspects are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> No use of disallowed substances like artificial fertilizer or chemicals (herbicides, pesticides, insecticides, fungicides). <input type="checkbox"/> Maintenance and improvement of soil-fertility by an appropriate crop rotation, use of animal excrements, green-manure and cultivation of legumes. <input type="checkbox"/> Control pests and diseases by natural ways and control weeds by hand or mechanically. <input type="checkbox"/> Use of organic propagation material. <input type="checkbox"/> Avoid contamination of fields and products with disallowed substances. <input type="checkbox"/> Label the certified products correctly as organic or under conversion to organic. <p>2. I declare that I work on my fields included in the inspection program and during the on-farm first processing of products, conform the above mentioned standards for organic production.</p> <p>3. I will allow CU Inspectors access to all my fields and premises for inspection purposes and I will fully cooperate with them.</p> <p>4. Only if no farmer-group: I declare that</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> A <u>detailed map</u> of the fields is maintained. <input type="checkbox"/> Adequate written <u>bookkeeping</u> of all incoming and outgoing products is available. <p>5. In case of non-compliance with the above-mentioned standards I will inform the above mentioned field officer and/or CU client, and I will not sell the products as organic or under conversion to organic. Also, I will inform in writing the buyers of the products in order to ensure that the indications referring to the organic production method are removed from the product in question.</p> <p>6. <i>In case I apply for certification according the new EU organic Regulation (848/2018), I declare, that I have not been certified on an individual basis for the same activity for a given product covered by the certification of the group of operators to which I belong.</i></p>			
Date and signature of farmer			
Date and signature of field officer (if any)			

ANNEX 2.B
CUC Processor¹ / Preparer² agreement

Name CUC client			
Address client			
CUC Client number		Country	
Name of processor / preparer (Please underline the appropriate)			
Address of processor / preparer			
Email address			
Activity performed (see footnote)			
<p>1. I as processor / preparer declare that I understand and follow the standards for organic products handling and food processing of which the most important aspects are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Separate storage of raw organic products, half-finished products and ready organic products avoiding mixing with non-organic products → Separate processing of organic products avoiding mixing with non-organic products → During processing/preparation and storage no disallowed substances, ingredients or technical aids are used, and necessary appropriate measures are taken to avoid contamination of organic products with these substances → Production is taking place to conform the approved product specifications. → Enable the clear identification of organic products during the whole process and during storage. → Appropriate bookkeeping of all incoming, handled, processed, stored and outgoing products is maintained. <p>2. I will allow CUC inspectors to access to all premises and information required for inspection purposes and I will fully co-operate with them. I contact and consult with CUC client to ensure the compliance with the applicable organic standards.</p> <p>3. In case of non-compliance with the above-mentioned standards I will inform the CUC client and I will not sell the products as organic or under conversion to organic. Also, I will inform in writing the buyers of the products in order to ensure that the indications referring to the organic production method are removed from the product in question.</p> <p>4. I authorise CUC client to represent me (as preparing/processing unit) under its contract with Control Union for organic certification.</p>			
Responsible person name of processor / preparer:	Signature:	Date:	
Responsible person of CUC client:	Signature:	Date:	

Note: 'unprocessed products' means foodstuffs that have not undergone processing, and includes products that have been divided, parted, severed, sliced, boned, minced, skinned, ground, cut, cleaned, trimmed, husked, milled, chilled, frozen, deep-frozen or thawed; (point (n) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EC) No 852/2004

¹ the definition of '**processing**' EU organic regulation is referring to the horizontal regulation: point (m) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EC) No 852/2004: 'processing' means any action that substantially alters the initial product, including heating, smoking, curing, maturing, drying, marinating, extraction, extrusion or a combination of those processes;

² Definition of '**preparation**' per article 2 (i) of 834/2007 (EU Organic reg.): 'preparation' means the operations of preserving and/or processing of organic products, including slaughter and cutting for livestock products, and also **packaging, labelling and/or alterations made to the labelling concerning the organic production method.**

ANNEX 2.C CU Field officer agreement

Name client			
Address client			
Client number		Country	
Name field officer			
Address field officer			
Name and number unit			
<p>1. I as field officer declare that I understand the standards for organic agriculture of which the most important aspects are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> No use of disallowed substances like artificial fertiliser or chemicals <input type="checkbox"/> Maintenance and improvement of soil-fertility by an appropriate crop rotation, use of animal excrements, green manure and cultivation of legumes. <input type="checkbox"/> Control pests and diseases by natural ways and control weeds by hand or mechanically. <input type="checkbox"/> Use of organic propagation material. <input type="checkbox"/> Avoid contamination of fields and products with disallowed substances. <input type="checkbox"/> Label the certified products correctly as organic or under conversion to organic. <p>2. I will allow CU Inspectors access to all premises and information required for inspection purposes and I will fully co-operate with them.</p> <p>3. I declare that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Adequate <u>annual internal checking/evaluation</u> of all farmers of this unit on the compliance with the above mentioned standards are performed. Adequate records of internal inspections are maintained. In instances of non-compliance with the standards appropriate steps are taken. <input type="checkbox"/> An <u>overview-map</u> of the area and <u>detailed maps</u> per farmer are maintained. <input type="checkbox"/> All farmers of this unit are included in the inspection-programme have understood and signed the <u>farmer agreements</u> and they are informed on the above mentioned standards and are assisted to comply with them. <input type="checkbox"/> Adequate written <u>bookkeeping</u> of all products purchased from the farmers and sold to the above-mentioned CU client is available. <input type="checkbox"/> <u>Basic data</u> of all farmers is maintained containing at least identification, name, year of conversion, location, number or hectares, last internal evaluation and last CU inspection and yields records. <p>4. In case of non-compliance with the above-mentioned standards I will inform the CU client and I will not sell the products as organic or under conversion to organic. Also I will inform in writing the buyers of the products in order to ensure that the indications referring to the organic production method are removed from the product in question.</p>			
Date/signature of field officer			
Date/signature of client			

ANNEX 2.D
CUC Transportation¹ agreement

Name CUC client			
Address client			
CUC Client number		Country	
Name of transportation services provider			
Address of transportation services provider			
Email address			
Activity performed			
<p>1. I, as provider of the transportation services, declare that I understand and follow the standards for organic products of which the most important aspects are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Mixing raw organic products, half-finished products and ready organic products with non- organic products shall be avoided. → During transportation no disallowed substances are used and necessary appropriate measures are taken to avoid contamination of organic products with these substances. → Enable the clear identification of organic products during the whole process of transportation. → Appropriate bookkeeping of all transported organic products is maintained. <p>2. I declare I am in compliance with the requirements of Articles 30, 31 and 32 of Reg. No. 889/2008, <i>or where applicable, relevant requirements in Annex III of Reg. 2018/848.</i></p> <p>3. I will allow CUC inspectors to access to all premises and information required for inspection purposes and I will fully co-operate with them. I contact and consult with CUC client to ensure the compliance with the applicable organic standards.</p> <p>4. I authorise CUC client to represent me (as provider of transportation services) under its contract with Control Union for organic certification.</p>			
Responsible person for the provider of transportation services:	Signature:	Date:	
Responsible person of CUC client:	Signature:	Date:	

Transportation¹: the activity of moving goods from one place to another.

ANNEX 2.E Declaration free of genetic modification (for organic production)

Vendor declaration¹	
Name, address of vendor:	
Identification (e.g. lot or stock number):	Product name:
Components: (Specify all components existing in the product/used the last in the production process)	
<p>I declare that this product was manufactured neither 'from' nor 'by' GMOs as those terms are used in Articles 2 and 9 of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 or where applicable, Art. 11 of Reg. 2018/848. I do not have any information which could suggest that this statement is inaccurate.</p> <p>Thus, I declare that the above named product complies with relevant rules of the applicable EU organic scheme (i.e. Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 or Art. 11 of Reg. 2018/848) regarding the prohibition on the use of GMOs.</p> <p>I undertake to inform our customer and its control body/authority immediately if this declaration is withdrawn or modified, or if any information comes to light which would undermine its accuracy. I authorise the control body or control authority which supervises our customer to examine the accuracy of this declaration and if necessary to take samples for analytic proof. I also accept that this task may be carried out by an independent institution which has been appointed in writing by the control body.</p> <p>The undersigned takes responsibility for the accuracy of this declaration.</p>	
Country, place, date, signature of vendor:	Company stamp of vendor (if appropriate):

¹ According to Art. 9 (3) of Reg. 834/2007 and Art. 11(4) of Reg. 2018/848
2023 April

ANNEX 2.F *Inspection of smallholder farmer groups (for organic production)***1. Introduction**

The inspection of smallholder farmer groups consisting of ten to hundreds of farmers poses a severe challenge to the inspection body and their Inspector. The employment of an internal control system (ICS) will give a practical procedure, which keeps inspection costs at an acceptable level.

This document gives a guideline for the internal control system of smallholder farmer groups, certified according to Reg. 834/2007 & 889/2008.

For smallholder farmer groups which are certified according to Reg. 2018/848, this Annex is NOT applicable. Groups which are certified according to Regulation 2018/848 should comply with relevant rules stipulated by that Regulation and its applicable secondary acts. Among others, the requirements below should be complied.

- *Art 35.4 & 35.5 of Reg. 2018/848 regarding prohibition of duplicate certification of groups and individual certification of members;*
- *Art. 36 of Reg. 2018/848 regarding composition of a group and evaluation of deficiencies of the internal control system;*
- *Art. 4 of Reg. 2021/279 requiring that the maximum number of members should not exceed 2000;*
- *Art. 7 of Reg. 2021/279 regarding the minimum sampling and re-inspection rate carried out by the control body/ control authority of the group.*

2. Farmer group

- 2.1 The farmer group should consist of a clear and homogeneous group of members with regard to their agricultural production and first processing system and the geographical, social and economic aspects.
- 2.2 A substantial part of the inspection work is carried out by internal Inspectors in the framework of the internal control system (ICS) set up by the group. Members of the farmer group are inspected at least once a year internally by internal Inspectors employed by an organization responsible for the Internal Control System (ICS) and randomly by CU. Internal inspections include visits to fields and facilities.
- 2.3 In principle only small farmers can be members of the group. Larger farms - bearing an external certification cost that is less than 2% of their turnover – can also belong to the group, but has to be inspected annually by CU. Processors and exporters can be part of the structure of the group, but have to be inspected annually by CU.
- 2.4 A group may be organized in itself (as a cooperative or as a structured group of producers affiliated to a processor or an exporter).
A group must be established formally, based on individual farmer agreements – signed by all members of the group - as specified in the Annex 2D. Minor changes and extension of the content are acceptable.
The farmer agreement and standards should be available in a language understandable for the farmer.
The members should have access to and knowledge of the applicable standards for organic production.
The group shall have central management, established decision procedures and legal capacity.
- 2.5 When intended for export, the marketing of the products must be carried out as a group.

3. Internal Control System (ICS)

- 3.1 Of the organisation in charge of the internal control system, also referred to as internal inspection body, the following information is available:
 - Legal status, structure, liability of organisation responsible for the ICS
 - Authorisation for countersigning inspection-forms
 - Rights and obligations of group-members as laid down in written farmer agreements
- 3.2 The internal control and quality system is clearly documented in writing including among others procedures, standardised inspection-forms (for example by using a visit-book), responsibilities and timeframes. It must contain clear procedures indicating actions to be taken in instances of non-compliance with standards, sanctions and exclusion of members. CU has to be informed in case of irregularities and non-compliances, as well as of the corrective actions imposed with agreed time for completion.

100% of all farms and fields of the group members have to be inspected by the internal Inspector once a year.

Quarterly the findings of the internal control and measures taken will have to be summarized in writing.

- 3.3 The following up-to-date documentation has to be available for the farmer group:
- Farmer-lists with names, identification codes, location, status (organic, in conversion first or second year or disqualified), crops and hectares
 - Signed farmer agreements for each member
 - Administration of sold products, stored products and bought agricultural inputs of each member
 - Overview realised yield of last year and estimated yield of current year per product

- Overview map and detailed farm-maps indicating individual fields per member and information on possible contamination risks from neighbouring fields
 - Field-history for each member with regard to the used fertilisers and plant-protection substances (including herbicides, fungicides, pesticides, etc)
- 3.4 Seasonal adequate sampling on residues of sold products shall be performed and results of analysis must be available. Sub-samples per member can be mixed and analysed as a mixed sample.
- 3.5 Internal inspectors are designated by the group and carry out internal controls. They must receive suitable training, have to be qualified and independent. The internal quality system sets out rules to avoid or limit potential conflicts of interest of the internal inspectors. A signed field officers agreement specifying tasks and responsibilities shall be presented.
- 3.6 Not the individual members but the group as a whole holds the contracts with CU. This organisation has the final responsibility that their members comply with the standards for organic production and first processing and that the instructions given are executed.
- 3.7 In case an individual member has not converted his whole farm into organic production, guarantees must be given with regard to separation (for example separate storage facilities of agricultural products and inputs).

4. External inspection

- 4.1 CU verifies, evaluates and reports all aspects (with special focus on the effectiveness) of the internal control system. Findings of the ICS will be cross-checked. Based on the results of this inspection the inspection body will certify the farmer groups.
- 4.2 CU carries out at least one annual inspection of the group.
The yearly inspection by CU shall include an inspection visit of a number of individual farms with the aim to inspect for compliance with the standards and to evaluate the effectiveness of the ICS.
- 4.2.1 Each year CU defines and justifies a risk-orientated sample of farms subject to its annual inspections.
For a normal risk situation, it shall not be lower than the square root of the number of farmers in the group (but at least 10 members).
For medium risk situations CU will inspect at least 1,2 square root of the farmers in the group (but at least 12 members).
For high risk situations CU will inspect at least 1,4 square root of the farmers in the group (but at least 14 members).

CU defines for all of its group projects the applicable risk category by using its risk assessment document.

The farms visited by CU must be predominantly different from one year to another.

Larger farmers, processors and exporters are inspected annually by CU.

CU has a documented sanction policy for groups.

In case CU finds the ICS to seriously lack reliability and effectiveness, it will apply sanctions to the group as a whole, including, in case of serious deficiencies, the withdrawal of the certification of the group.

In case of lack of reliability and effectiveness of the ICS, the sanction will include to increase the number of farms to be annually visited to at least three times the square root of the number of farms in the group.

ANNEX 2.G *Interpretations of EU 889/2008 regulation (for organic production)***Annex I**

Composted animal excrements, including poultry manure and composted farmyard manure shall not originate from "factory farming". Factory farming is a system where animals are unable to move 360 degrees freely, are mainly kept under dark conditions, are kept without animal bedding and where at the same time the production is totally separated from other agricultural activities.

- Composting is understood as the microbiological and enzymatic conversion of animal excrements, usually in the presence of vegetal material, under a combination of aerobic and anaerobic circumstances. This means that the manure needs to be treated (e.g. compost heap).

Liquid animal excrements (slurry, urine, etc.)

- Need to be treated adequately. That means dilution, fermentation, aeration or other adequate treatments to reduce nitrogen losses to the air, to reduce the solubility of nutrients in water or to reduce the migration of nutrients into the soil.

Inspection and permission

- During the inventory, judgment on and permission for the use of animal excrements from non-organic animals will be given if this is appropriate. This permission will be given for a period of one year, evaluated yearly and be kept in force if appropriate.

Article 27

Flavourings within the meaning of Directive 88/388 EEC, substances and products as defined in Article 1 (2) (b) (i) and 1 (2) (c) of Directive 88/388 EEC labelled as natural flavouring substances or natural flavouring preparations.."

Interpretation:

- Flavourings within the meaning of Directive 88/388/EEC may be used in organic products on condition that they are labelled as natural flavouring substances or natural flavouring preparations and that the flavouring ingredient in the flavouring(s) meets the provisions of Article 1 (2) (b) (i) and 1 (2) (c) of Directive 88/388 EEC. They may be used in preparations offered on the market, in accordance with Directive 88/388.

**Annex VI,
VIII**

Perlite

Interpretation:

- Perlite is interpreted as perlite and related expanded volcanic clay minerals including diatomite perlite, which consists of an aluminium, potassium and sodium silicate complex.

Bentonite

Interpretation:

- Bentonite is interpreted as a mixture primarily made up of natural clay minerals. Natural clay types such as attapulgus clay, Florida earth, Fuller's earth and palygorskite are also covered by this term. Physically activated clay (by heat, for example) and clay that has been treated with a product listed in the Annexes of 889/2008, the use of which is permitted for this specific purpose or for general purposes are also covered by this term. Bentonite of other clay minerals activated by HCl or other prohibited additives are not.

ANNEX 2.H Declaration of the operator

Address client			
Client number		Country	
<p>1. I declare that I understand the standards for organic production and/or processing of which the most important aspects are:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No use of disallowed substances like artificial fertiliser or chemicals</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Avoid contamination of fields and/or products with disallowed substances.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Use of organic materials;</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Label the certified products correctly as organic or under conversion to organic.</p> <p>2. I will allow CU Inspectors access to all premises and information required for inspection purposes and I will fully co-operate with them.</p> <p>3. In case that any activity is subcontracted to a third party, I declare that I am exclusively responsible for the subcontracted activities and do not transfer that responsibility to the subcontractor.</p> <p>4. In case of non-compliance with the above-mentioned standards I will inform the CU client and I will not sell the products as organic or under conversion to organic. Also I will inform in writing the buyers of the products in order to ensure that the indications referring to the organic production method are removed from the product in question.</p> <p>5. I will inform CU client immediately in case that any withdrawal from organic production.</p> <p>6. I accept formally the exchange of information between Certification Bodies (CBs) where the operator and/or the subcontractors of this operator are checked by different CBs.</p> <p>7. I accept CUC to transfer my control files in the case of change of certification organization. CUC may also keep my control files for 5 years in the case of withdrawal from organic production.</p> <p>8. <i>Where New EU organic regulations (i.e. Reg. 2018/848 and its secondary acts) applies, I confirm that the product category I apply for certification is and will not be certified by another certification bodies/authorities. I will inform Control Union immediately in case any change to this statement.</i></p> <p>9. <i>(Group only) Where New EU organic regulations (i.e. Reg. 2018/848 and its secondary acts) applies, I as a group of operators, confirms that all the members of the group have confirmed that they don't have individual certification for a given product which is within the certification scope of the group.</i></p>			
Date/signature of client			